



# Get your community spaces buzzing!







		•	
1 Mahonia ( <i>Mahonia</i> species)	yellow		November – March
<b>2</b> Winter heather ( <i>Calluna, Erica</i> varieties)	purple, pink, white, yellow		December – March
<b>3 Rosemary</b> (Rosmarinus officinalis)	blue		March – May
4 Forest flame (Pieris variety)	white, pink		April – May
<b>5</b> Dog rose (Rosa canina)	pink, white		May – August
6 English lavender (Lavandula angustifolia)	purple		May – September





What is a 'perennial'? 'Perennials' are plants which live for several years. Typically they can survive the cold winter (some die back but grow again in spring), unlike 'annuals' which die in winter. This means they are good value for money.









0	Flower colour	Plant in	Sunny spot	Partly shady	Flowering time
1 Lungwort (Pulmonaria)	purple, pink blue				February – April
2 Comfrey (Symphytum officinale)	purple, pink, blue				April – August
3 Hardy geranium/ Cranesbill geranium (Geranium species)	blue, purple, pink, white				May – August
4 Stonecrop (Sedum species)	pink, white				July – October

## Top picks – listed by flowering time

Spring flowers ?







Bumblebees need a continuous supply of flowers to feed on from February to October, so bee kind by planting things which flower at different times of the year! This will help bumblebee colonies grow over the spring and summer, and finally complete their lifecycles by





William San					
<b>6</b>	Flower colour	Plant in	Sunny spot	Partly shady	Flowering time
1 Snowdrops (Galanthus species)	white				January – March
2 Crocus (Crocus species)	purple, white, yellow				February – March
3 Flowering currant (Ribes sanguineum)	orange, red white				February – May
(Primula vulgaris) Avoid bedding primroses	white, yellow				March – May
5 Dandelions (Taraxacum agg.)	yellow	Just let them grow!			March – October
6 Cowslips (Primula veris)	yellow				April – May
7 Bugle (Ajuga reptans)	blue				April – July











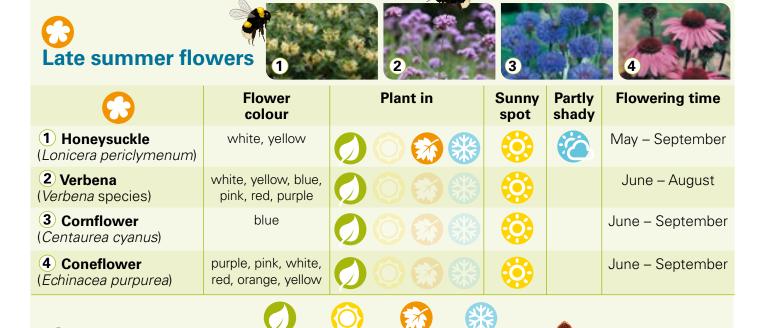


(Iris pseudacorus)  Wear gloves to handle bulbs			Likes wet soil		, ,
3 Globe thistle ( <i>Echinop</i> species)	blue, white			<b>©</b>	May – August
4 Aquilegia (Aquilegia species)	yellow, blue, purple, white, red, pink	0	<b>**</b>		May – August
<b>5</b> Borage (Borago officinalis)	blue, purple				May – September
6 Bell flower (Campanula species)	blue, pink, white, purple				May – September
<b>7 Thyme</b> ( <i>Thymus vulgaris</i> )	pink, white, purple	0	<b>○ ※</b>		May – September
8 Common poppy (Papaver rhoeas)	red				June – October
9 Sweet pea (Lathyrus odoratus)	pink, white, blue, purple, red	0			June – October
10 Snapdragon	white, yellow, pink,				June – October

purple, red

Spring

(Antirrhinum species)



Summer Autumn

Winter









Summer Autumn













<b>€</b>	Flower colour	Plant in	Sunny spot	Partly shady	Flowering time
<b>5 Lupin</b> ( <i>Lupinus</i> species)	yellow, purple, red, pink, white				June – September
6 Catmint (Nepeta species)	blue, purple, pink				June – September
7 Marjoram (Origanum species)	white, pink, purple				June – September
8 Field scabious (Knautia arvensis)	purple				June – October
Nasturtium (Tropaeolum majus)	yellow, orange, red				July – September
10 Sunflowers (Helianthus annuus)	yellow				July – September

#### **Common bedding** plants to avoid

These plants may be beautiful, but they have little or no food for bumblebees swap them with a plant from our list!



- X Begonia (*Begonia*)
- X Busy lizzie (*Impatiens*)
- **X** Geraniums (*Pelargonium*) despite the name, these are a different species to bumblebee-friendly hardy geraniums/cranesbill
- X Highly cultivated roses instead choose open,
- X Pansy (*Viola x wittrockiana*)
- X Petunia (*Petunia*)
- X Bedding primroses (*Primula* species) only pale yellow, native British primroses are bumblebee-friendly, so avoid the brightly

For more planting ideas, try our interactive Bee kind tool beekind.bumblebeeconservation.org



#### Top tip!

Always try to choose organic, pesticide-free plants and seeds these are best for bumblebees.

**Please note:** some plants can potentially be harmful to animals and people if eaten. Check plant labels for toxicity warnings or do your research before buying, and avoid leaving cuttings or dug up plants in reach of children, pets or wildlife.

### www.bumblebeeconservation.org

Follow us on:





The Bumblebee Conservation Trust is a registered charity (England & Wales 1115634 / Scotland SC042830).





August 2023. BBCT176 Copyright 2021 ©. All rights reserved. Designed by dianaedwardsdesign.co.uk